MPC WEEKLY FRIDAY REPORT

DATE: JULY 10, 2020

To: DIRECTORS & MEMBERS

FROM: KEVIN ABERNATHY, GENERAL MANAGER

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MPC FRIDAY MARKET UPDATE

CHICAGO CHEDDAR CHEESE			CHICAGO AA BUTTER			Non-Fat Dry Milk		
Blocks	+ \$.2400	\$2.9150	WEEKLY CHANGE	<i>-</i> \$.0475	\$1.6900	WEEK ENDING 07/04/20		
Barrels	<i>-</i> \$.0750	\$2.3400	WEEKLY AVERAGE	<i>-</i> \$.0449	\$1.7095	Nat'L PLANTS	\$0.9767	15,167,262
WEEKLY AVERAGE CHEDDAR CHEESE			DRY WHEY			PRIOR WEEK ENDING 06/27/20		
Blocks	+ \$.1347	\$2.7785	DAIRY MARKET NEWS	W/E 07/10/20	\$.3500	NAT'L PLANTS		
Barrels	<i>- \$.0</i> 278	\$2.3760	NATIONAL PLANTS	W/E 07/04/20	\$.3378	INAIL PLANTS	φυ.9577	10,423,311

CALIFORNIA FEDERAL MILK MARKETING ORDER PRICE PROJECTIONS

PRICE PROJECTIONS	CLASS ACTUAL (RANGE BASED ON LOCATION)	CLASS II PROJECTED	CLASS III PROJECTED	CLASS IV PROJECTED
JULY 10 EST	\$18.16 - \$18.66	\$13.52	\$24.20	\$14.04
LAST WEEK	\$18.16 - \$18.66	\$13.30	\$22.97	\$14.34

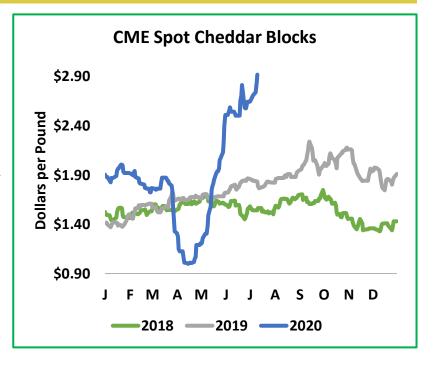


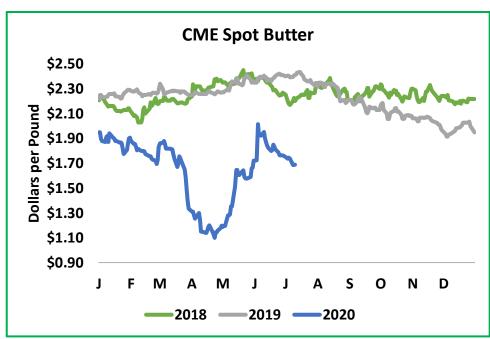
Milk, dairy and grain market commentary

By Sarina Sharp, Daily Dairy Report Sarina@DailyDairyReport.com

Milk & Dairy Markets In an environment as fickle as the Chicago

Mercantile Exchange, bulls are not typically bred for their stamina. They tend to charge and then pause to catch their breath before attempting another run, and they are not ashamed to retreat to the shade from time to time. But in the Cheddar block market – currently the greenest pasture in the commodity world - there is a bull of a different breed. He is relentless, charging straight uphill with no signs of fatigue. This week the block market leapt from one record to the next, finally resting at an alltime high of \$2.915 per pound, up 24¢ from last week's already lofty value. The barrels were less energetic. They fell 7.5¢ this week to a still-lofty \$2.34.



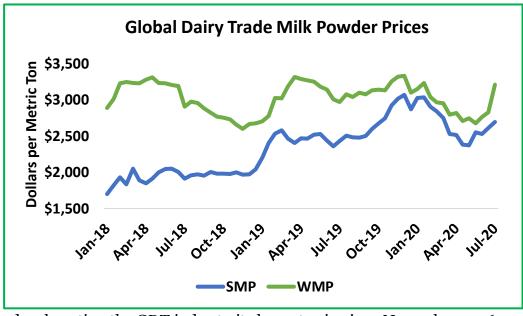


Near-term demand for blocks remains formidable. USDA's Dairy Market News reports, "With government buving programs in place, along with steadfast retail demand during grilling season, [Midwestern] buyers are still active and willing to pay prices very few contacts would have expected when markets were near \$1 in April." However. in Northeast and the West, some cheese buyers question the staying power of unprecedented prices. Grocers and the food box program are moving a lot of cheese, but

orders are starting to slow from restaurants, hotels, and caterers, especially in areas where coronavirus counts are climbing. Meanwhile, cheesemakers are running hard. Despite the heat, there is plenty of milk in the Upper Midwest, and cheesemakers are able to secure spot loads at a discount.

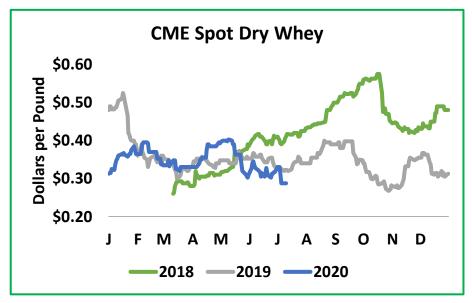
Butter production has slowed as cream heads to other uses, particularly ice cream. Butter demand continues to suffer from the pronounced slowdown in the restaurant and foodservice industry. This week, CME spot butter fell 4.75¢ to \$1.69.

The milk powder market perked up a bit. CME spot nonfat dry milk (NDM) advanced 0.75¢ to \$1.0175. Milk powders made big strides at the Global Dairy



Trade (GDT) auction on Tuesday, boosting the GDT index to its largest gain since November 2016, up 8.3% from the previous event. Skim milk powder rallied 3.5% to the equivalent of NDM at \$1.30 per pound, after adjusting for protein. Whole milk powder vaulted 14%. Global demand for milk powder has proven surprisingly strong despite the woes of the pandemic, and higher SMP prices are making U.S. milk powder increasingly competitive. On the domestic front, NDM is moving out of warehouses and into cheese vats.

CME spot whey slipped 4.25¢ this week to 28.75¢, the lowest value since last November. Robust cheese production is generating a steady stream of whey, and manufacturers are largely eschewing value-

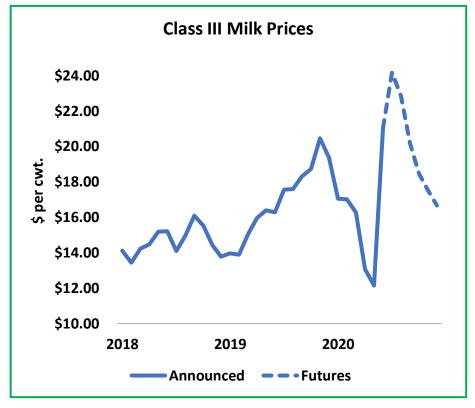


added whey products, so whey powder is piling up. With gyms around the country sitting empty, sales of high-protein whey products have slowed. Those who exercise regularly may find wavs incorporate dairy protein into their at-home regimens, but they likely won't try new products or make an impulse purchase until they're back in the gym. Dry whey has gotten plentiful and cheap enough to attract a bit more foreign business, but stocks continue to grow. Whey is likely to remain a drag on Class III values.

Class III futures followed Cheddar blocks higher. The July contract rallied \$1.23 to \$24.20, within shouting distance of the all-time high of \$24.40, set in October 2014. August Class III soared \$2.09 to \$23.04. Over the past month, the August contract has added more than \$6 per cwt., a staggering increase. Deferred Class III futures posted double-digit gains. Class IV futures settled in the red, with 30¢ to 40¢ losses on the front of the board. Sky-high Class III values are likely encouraging dairy producers to add as much milk as they can, but the heat may stymie their efforts.

Grain Markets

The grain markets rallied early in the week, as a hot, dry forecast raised concerns about yields. The



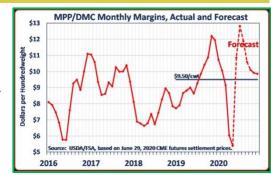
markets got a mid-week boost after USDA reported a sizable sale of U.S. corn to China, and China's ag ministry projected continued imports. For years, China has relied on its massive corn reserves and done its best to keep out foreign grain. Now the Chinese reserve is dwindling, and China's rapidly modernizing hog industry requires more feed than its backyard herd did in the past.

USDA published its monthly update to crop balance sheets today, but they held no surprises. The market shrugged and turned its attention to the forecast. Better-than-expected rains dampened the bulls' earlier enthusiasm. The corn crop will still have to pollinate in the middle of a heat wave, and there are plenty of dry spots. But there is an abundance of grain in the world, and supplies will be ample even if this year's corn crop falls a little short of its full potential. September corn settled at \$3.3625 per bushel, down 7.25¢ from last Thursday. August soybeans closed at \$8.87, down 4.25¢.

Dairy margin program pays out for May losses

Courtesy of Feedstuffs

The Dairy Margin Coverage (DMC) program margin for May was \$5.37/cwt., the lowest since July 2013 and 65 cents/cwt. lower than the margin for April. Still, projections show that June's margin may see the highest jump since 2000, with a strong recovery in prices that should buoy margins through the rest of the year.



Read the full article here.

Butter imports fill gap in domestic supplies

Courtesy of Farm Journal's MILK



The butter market has been anything but typical since the novel coronavirus was first confirmed in the United States in January. While grocery sales have been soaring, dramatically reduced restaurant orders mean that butter once destined for foodservice now has to be further processed for retail.

As consumers continue to pile butter into their grocery carts, U.S. butter makers have been challenged to keep grocery store shelves stocked with product, according to

Sarina Sharp, analyst with the *Daily Dairy Report*. "Butter imports have moved in to fill the gap, and imports are off to a blazing start this year due to a surge in shipments in April and May," Sharp says.

Read the full article here.

Hoard's Dairyman DairyLivestream: Dairy remains a powerhouse

Courtesy of Hoard's Dairyman

DairyLivestream is a special series of web meeting broadcasts featuring expert perspective from dairy economists and leaders. This week's episode broke down the continued shift in grocery store buying habits evident since March.

Panelists for this DairyLivestream are:

- Anne-Marie Roerink, President, 210 Analytics for International Dairy, Deli, Bakery Association
- Mike Brown, Dairy Supply Chain Director, The Kroger Co.
- Mark Stephenson, University of Wisconsin-Madison
- Corey Geiger (moderator), Hoard's Dairyman

Watch the whole video here.



